1 Position Effects

Perceived difficulty of an item does not only depend on its difficulty, but also on the position at which it was administered.



 η_i is also called the 'item root'

1 POSITION EFFECTS

item	pos.
A	1]
В	2
С	3
D	4
A	4
В	3
С	2
D	1
A	2
В	4
С	1
D	3
A	3
В	1
С	4
D	2

These are four items administered in four sequences.

One way of dealing with this would be to assume a linear increase of difficulty or easiness with each position.

item	pos.		η_A	η_B	η_C	η_D	ω	β_{ip}
ΓA	1		[1				1]	$[\eta_A + \omega_1 \omega]$
В	2			1			2	$\eta_B + \omega_2 \omega$
С	3				1		3	$\eta_C + \omega_3 \omega$
D	4		1			1	4	$\eta_D + \omega_4 \omega$
Α	4		1				4	$\eta_A + \omega_4 \omega$
В	3			1			3	$\eta_B + \omega_3 \omega$
С	2				1		2	$\eta_C + \omega_2 \omega$
D	1	_				1	1	$-\eta_D + \omega_1 \omega$
Α	2		1				2	$-\frac{1}{\eta_A+\omega_2\omega}$
В	4			1			4	$\eta_B + \omega_4 \omega$
С	1				1		1	$\eta_C + \omega_1 \omega$
D	3					1	3	$\eta_D + \omega_3 \omega$
Α	3		1				3	$\eta_A + \omega_3 \omega$
В	1			1			1	$\eta_B + \omega_1 \omega$
С	4				1		4	$\eta_C + \omega_4 \omega$
D	2		L			1	2	$\left[\eta_{D} + \omega_{2}\omega \right]$

Problem: *X* needs a special shape for this (*virtual items*).

Of course there are only 4 items, but to account for the 4 sequences, a total of 16 items must be present in X.

Pos.	1	2	3	4	4	3	2	1	2	4	1	3	3	1	4	2
Item	A	В	C	D	A	B	С	D	Α	B	С	D	A	В	Ċ	D
Block 1	[x	x	x	x												1
Block 1	x	x	x	x												
Block 2					x	x	x	x								
Block 2					x	x	x	x								
Block 3									x	x	x	x				
Block 3									x	x	x	x				
Block 4													x	x	x	x
Block 4	L												x	x	x	<i>x</i>]

Now the data can be analyzed using an LLTM.

Caution: because of the data structure we have to used LPCM (ill-conditioned data).

If we want to model single positions' effects, *W* has to look like this:

item	pos.	η_A	η_B	η_C	η_D	ω_1	ω_2	ω_3	ω_4	β_{ip}	
$\begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix}$	1	[1				1]	$\left[\eta_A + \omega_1\right]$	
B	2		1				1			$\eta_B + \omega_2$	
C	3			1				1		$\eta_C + \omega_3$	
D	4				1				1	$\eta_D + \omega_4$	
A	4	1							1	$\eta_A + \omega_4$	
B	3		1					1		$\eta_B + \omega_3$	
C	2			1			1			$\eta_C + \omega_2$	
D	1				1	1				 $\eta_D + \omega_1$	
A	2	1					1			$\eta_A + \omega_2$	
B	4		1						1	$\eta_B + \omega_4$	
C	1			1		1				$\eta_C + \omega_1$	
D	3				1			1		$\eta_D + \omega_3$	
A	3	1						1		$\eta_A + \omega_3$	
B	1		1			1				$\eta_B + \omega_1$	
C	4			1					1	$\eta_C + \omega_4$	
L D	2	L			1		1			$\left[\eta_D + \omega_2\right]$	

In addition to each item difficulty *i*, each position *p* has its own difficulty ω_p

2 Effects of Response Formats

We administer the same 5 items using three different response formats:

- free format
- multiple choice with 4 distractors
- multiple choice with 3 distractors

Now we have item difficulty plus an effect of the response format.

2 EFFECTS OF RESPONSE FORMATS

item	resp.		η_A	η_B	η_C	η_D	η_E	ω_f	ω_4	ω_3		β_{ir}	
$\begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix}$	free ⁻]	[1					1		1		$[\eta_A + \omega_f]$	
В	free			1				1				$\eta_B + \omega_f$	
C	free				1			1				$\eta_C + \omega_f$	
D	free					1		1				$\eta_D + \omega_f$	
E	free						1	1				$\eta_E + \omega_f$	
A	4		1						1			$\eta_A + \omega_4$	-
В	4			1					1			$\eta_B + \omega_4$	
C	4	=			1				1		=	$\eta_C + \omega_4$	
D	4					1			1			$\eta_D + \omega_4$	
E	4						1		1			$\eta_E + \omega_4$	
A	3		1							1		$\eta_A + \omega_3$	
В	3			1						1		$\eta_B + \omega_3$	
C	3				1					1		$\eta_C + \omega_3$	
D	3					1				1		$\eta_D + \omega_3$	
LΕ	3 -		L				1			1		$\left[\eta_E + \omega_3\right]$	

X is partitioned in 3 Blocks containing 5 items each.